

РЕПУБЛИКА СРБИЈА

МИНИСТАРСТВО ПРОСВЕТЕ

ПРИЈЕМНИ ИСПИТ

ЗА ФИЛОЛОШКЕ ГИМНАЗИЈЕ И ОДЕЉЕЊА

Јуни 2009. године

**Тест из енглеског језика на пријемном испиту у
филолошким гимназијама и одељењима**

ПРОЧИТАЈ ПАЖЉИВО УПУТСТВО ЗА ИЗРАДУ ТЕСТА!

Пре него што одговориш, пажљиво прочитај питање. Дежурни професори не пружају додатна обавештења о питањима, осим уколико она – због техничке грешке – нису довољно читљива. Одговоре на питања можеш најпре написати обичном (графитном) оловком. Признају се, међутим, само одговори написани хемијском оловком или налив-пером. Не признају се одговори у којима је нешто прецртано, дописано или исправљено белилом. Такође се не признају непотпуни одговори, зато пажљиво ради и добро размисли пре него што упишеш одговор.

На тесту није дозвољено исписивати податке о ученику нити цртати било какве знакове.

Води рачуна да је тест временски ограничен.

СРЕЋНО!

Јуни 2009. године

- I Прочитај текст а затим одговори на питања тако што ћеш заокружити слово испред једног тачног одговора од четири понуђена. (5 x 1 поен = 5 поена)

HOW TELEVISION HAS CHANGED

You really have to get very old before you realize you're old. I'm in my middle fifties and I don't feel old yet. However, sometimes I look back at my childhood and compare things to the way life is for today's kids. Some things have certainly changed.

One area of change is television. Some changes have been improvements. Some changes, on the other hand, have been setbacks.

When I started school, most people didn't have a television; TV was just beginning to get popular. My father decided to go all out and buy a 16 inch black and white Motorola set. I still remember watching the Lone Ranger save people from the bad guys on that awesome electronic machine. That was exciting!

Now, televisions have larger pictures in full color. The pictures are clearer and the sound is much more realistic. The new high definition sets are made to rival movie screens.

The variety and quantity of programming has increased greatly. There are hundreds of channels and more shows than one person could ever watch. There are many fine entertainment and educational shows. There's also a lot of garbage, stuff that most parents don't want their kids exposed to. Overall, we have more choices, and that is good.

I wonder what television will be like when today's kids are my age.

- The author of the text believes that:
 - people in their fifties are very old
 - things have changed since his childhood
 - today's kids are happier than he was
 - looking back at your past makes you feel old
- The changes in connection with television:
 - are both good and bad
 - made a lot of people unhappy
 - are not important to most people
 - made the author more popular at school
- As a schoolboy he was excited because:
 - he got a Motorola phone
 - he could enjoy the adventures of the Lone Ranger
 - he had a TV bigger than anyone
 - his father took them all out more often
- Now, because of modern television:
 - people can save others from bad guys
 - people need more and more electronic machines
 - movie screens are less popular
 - there are a lot more high quality programmes
- With modern television:
 - there's too much on offer, which is bad
 - parents only have more problems with their kids
 - we can choose what to watch
 - we should be worried about the future

II Заокружи слово испред тачног одговора. (20 x 0,5 поена = 10 поена)

1. I'm afraid Charlie doesn't _____ any foreign languages.
a) talk b) speak c) tell d) say
2. He sometimes simply enjoys _____ arrogant to his teachers.
a) being b) to be c) be d) been
3. I'm afraid we're not going to be there _____ time.
a) at b) from c) on d) by
4. Sorry, I haven't made _____ my mind yet.
a) on b) in c) out d) up
5. Our _____ teacher can never tell one from the other. They're so alike.
a) twins' b) twin's c) twin d) twins
6. I never go back _____ home late at night.
a) at b) -- c) to d) in
7. His example was _____ original that everybody laughed.
a) so b) such a c) much d) too
8. That's none of my business. The problem is _____.
a) of them b) their c) theirs d) there's
9. I'm afraid the girl is not so good _____ sports.
a) at b) in c) by d) on
10. The thing _____ I hate most about him is his pride.
a) what b) whom c) witch d) which
11. She's lied to us again, _____?
a) is she b) isn't she c) has she d) hasn't she
12. Some parents never let their children _____ anywhere without them.
a) to travel b) travelling c) travel d) travelled
13. Haven't you _____ done something like this before?
a) no b) ever c) never d) so
14. Thanks to me you _____ now able to enter that competition.
a) can b) be c) are d) will
15. Well, _____ my opinion, your answer is correct.
a) for b) from c) in d) by

16. Your friend is _____ naïve.
 a) unbelievable b) really c) strange d) funny
17. Do they _____ leave early tomorrow morning?
 a) must b) will have to c) have d) have to
18. Mum, why didn't you _____ earlier? Now, I'll be late for school!
 a) get me on b) bring me up c) wake me up d) set me up
19. I _____ your pardon? I'm afraid I didn't hear you well.
 a) have b) ask c) beg d) do
20. She lives _____ the city centre.
 a) furthest from b) the most of c) long ago d) away

III Најпре прочитај цео текст. Затим упиши одговарајући облик речи из заграде на црту у истом реду да допуниш реченицу. Тражени облик треба да се састоји од само једне речи. (10 x 1 поен = 10 поена)

Пример: I hope you'll be _____ *successful* _____ in this job. (SUCCESS)

- In the (1) _____, I thought it was going to be (BEGIN)
 an (2) _____ holiday in a foreign country. (ENJOY)
 I even learnt some words and phrases of (3) _____ (FRANCE)
 in order to communicate with people there (4) _____. (EASY)
 I was planning to visit most of the famous Paris (5) _____ (ATTRACT)
 including Disneyland because I also needed some (6) _____ (AMUSE)
 after a very difficult working period. I am a (7) _____ and (MUSIC)
 I have to work as hard as (8) _____ else, you know. But (ANY)
 my holiday couldn't start (9) _____ than it did. At the airport (BAD)
 they said that my (10) _____ was unfortunately cancelled. (FLY)

IV Напиши чланове тамо где мислиш да треба. Ако мислиш да члан није потребан, напиши косу црту (/). (10 x 0,5 поена = 5 поена)

Пример: / Mr Smith is a doctor.

1. I love listening to _____ music when I come back from _____ work.
2. Excuse me, where is _____ National Theatre? Is it in _____ Kensington Road?
3. I'll be back at _____ noon. That means in half _____ hour.
4. I've never heard such _____ stupid excuses. So, where's _____ CD that I gave you?
5. Did you get any presents for _____ Easter? I got _____ great new book.

V Прочитај најпре причу, а затим стави глаголе у загради у одговарајуће време/облик. Обрати пажњу на ред речи у реченици. (20 x 1 поен = 20 поена)

Пример: Where do you work ? (you, work)

It was 8 o'clock last night when inspector Davies and I (1) _____ (begin) our investigation. The first visit we (2) _____ (pay) was to Rebecca Shaw. Luckily, we (3) _____ (find) her at home.

"Good evening, Miss Shaw. I am senior police officer Grant. Do you mind if inspector Davies (4) _____ (ask) you a few questions? May we (5) _____ (come in)?"

She let us (6) _____ (enter) the little untidy flat she lived in.

"The reason we are here, Miss Shaw, is that we (7) _____ (look for) your boyfriend Richie. A week ago, he (8) _____ (steal) a lot of money from the bank nearby. Tell me, please, (9) _____ (you, see) him since then?"

"No," she (10) _____ (reply) quickly. Rebecca was obviously nervous. She (11) _____ (sit) on her chair restlessly.

At that moment, a shiny gold ring on her left hand (12) _____ (catch) my eye. She (13) _____ (play) with it all the time.

So I whispered to my young partner: “(14) _____ (not believe) her! I know she (15) _____ (lie)! Look at her ring.”

Davies continued: “Miss Shaw, that (16) _____ (look) like a very expensive ring. Diamonds, right? When exactly (17) _____ (he, buy) it to you? Where is Richie now?”

“I don’t know”, she said. “He (18) _____ (leave) the ring on my pillow a few days ago and then he simply (19) _____ (disappear).”

“I think you’ll have (20) _____ (come) to the police station with us.”

VI Напиши следеће реченице у пасивном облику: (5 x 1 поен = 5 поена)

Пример: *Teachers often give children a lot of homework.*

Children are often given a lot of homework (by teachers).

1. Our members write hundreds of e-mails in this club every day.

2. Who drew this wonderful picture?

3. They will choose one student to represent the group.

4. The scientist didn’t keep the dangerous bottles away from the children.

5. We should do something about this or we lose the game!

VII Напиши следеће реченице у индиректном говору: (5 x 1 поен = 5 поена)

Пример: "What are you doing, children?"

Mum wants to know what we are doing.

1. "Can I help you with your bags, Mr Peters?"

Jack offers

2. "Do you know the full name of the country, children?"

Our teacher wants to know

3. "Where does your friend spend her holidays?"

My classmate asks me

4. "Why have you given your sister my CD?"

Mark asks me

5. "Please, don't tell dad I came home too late."

Julia begs her mum

ТЕСТ ПРЕГЛЕДАЛИ:

УКУПНО _____ ПОЕНА